Revision Date: 03/17/2023



## 1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier Product Identity Alternate Names

### SPRAYSEAL

SPRAYSEAL CS-12 SPRAYSEAL CS-25 CSS-2112-#

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstIntended useSee Technical Data Sheet.Application MethodSee Technical Data Sheet.1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheetMac Coatings

Mac Coatings 1106 WALKER ROAD WINDSOR, ONTARIO N8Y 2N7 (519)-252-7275

### **Customer Service: Mac Coatings**

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3;H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Skin Irrit. 2;H315	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit. 2;H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE 3;H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT SE 3;H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Chronic 2;H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Revision Date: 03/17/2023



## Warning

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### [Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

### [Response]:

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).

P332+313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.

### [Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Revision Date: 03/17/2023



P405 Store locked up.

### [Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
p-Chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene CAS Number: 0000098-56-6	25 - 50	Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Skin Irrit. 2;H315 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H335	[1]
Dimethyl Ketone CAS Number: 0000067-64-1	25 - 50	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]
2-butoxyethanol CAS Number: 0000111-76-2	1-5	Acute Tox. 4;H332 Acute Tox. 4;H312 Acute Tox. 4;H302 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 Skin Irrit. 2;H315	[1][2]
Xylene CAS Number: 0001330-20-7	1-5	Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Acute Tox. 4;H332 Acute Tox. 4;H312 Skin Irrit. 2;H315	[1][2]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

\*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

### 4. First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Revision Date: 03/17/2023



Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Ingestion	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. This material is not soluble. DO NOT GIVE FLUIDS. If spontaneous vomiting is inevitable, PREVENT ASPIRATION by keeping the victim's head below the knees. CONTACT A PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY.
4.2. Most important syn	nptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Overview	Effects of overexposure: Acute: Eyes-may cause severe irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision. Skin/skin absorption- Prolonged or repeated contact can cause moderate irritation. Defatting, dermatitis. Breathing-excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and Respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects including: Dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness. Swallowing-can cause gastrointestinal, irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular
Inhalation Eyes Skin	weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Dry chemical, Foam, Water fog, Carbon Dioxide.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Burning may produce irritating Or toxic fumes. Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons, etc.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Revision Date: 03/17/2023



Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, smoking, electric motors, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near container (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively. All five gallon pails and large metal containers should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred.

ERG Guide No. 127

### 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot Lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until cleanup has been completed, stop spil at source, dike area of spill to prevent spreading, pump liquid to salvage tank. Remaining liquid may be taken up on sand, clay earth, floor, absorbent, or other absorbent material and sholveled into containers.

### 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Revision Date: 03/17/2023



Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: strong oxidizing agents, Strong alkalis, strong mineral acids. See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

## 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

### Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000067-64-1	Acetone	OSHA	TWA 1000 ppm (2400 mg/m3) STEL 2400 mg/m3
		ACGIH	TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm
		NIOSH	250 ppm (590 mg/m3) TWA
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000098-56-6	p-Chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000111-76-2 2-butoxye	2-butoxyethanol	OSHA	TWA 50 ppm (240 mg/m3) [skin]
		ACGIH	TWA: 20 ppm Revised 2003,
		NIOSH	TWA 5 ppm (24 mg/m3) [skin]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0001330-20-7	Xylene	OSHA	STEL 150 ppm
		ACGIH	TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.
Eyes	Chemical splash goggles are advised. (consult your safety equipment supplier).
Skin	Wear resistant gloves such as: polyvinyl alcohol, viton. Other protective equipment: To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to

Revision Date: 03/17/2023



maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work Practices

**ractices** Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odor Odor threshold pH Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash Point Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapor pressure (Pa) Vapor Density Specific Gravity Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (cSt) Percent Volatile (by wt) 9.2. Other information No other relevant information. Clear, Colorless Liquid **Xylene** Not determined Not Measured Not Measured 281-288°F Closed cup 28 °C (X) Slower Than N-BUTYL ACETATE Not Applicable Lower Explosive Limit: 1.0% Upper Explosive Limit: 6.0% Not Measured (X)Heavier Than Air ()Lighter than Air 0.87 Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured 88

### **10. Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

Revision Date: 03/17/2023



### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No data available.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with: strong oxidizing agents, Strong alkalis, strong mineral acids.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Burning may produce irritating Or toxic fumes. Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons, etc.

## **11. Toxicological information**

### Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
p-Chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene - (98-56-6)	13,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	33.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Acetone - (67-64-1)	5,800.00, Rat - Category: NA	7,426.00, Guinea Pig - Category: NA	76.00, Rat - Category: NA	50.10, Rat - Category: NA	No data available
2-butoxyethanol - (111-76-2)	1,414.00, Guinea Pig - Category: 4	>2,000.00, Rat - Category: 4	173.00, Guinea Pig - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Xylene - (1330-20-7)	4,299.00, Rat - Category: 5	1,548.00, Rabbit - Category: 4	No data available	20.00, Rat - Category: NA	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 4

Revision Date: 03/17/2023



### Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value	
0000067-64-1 Acetone		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No	
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No	
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;	
0000098-56-6	p-Chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No	
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No	
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;	
0000111-76-2 2-butoxyethanol		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No	
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No	
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;	
0001330-20-7	Xylene	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No	
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No	
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;	

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-single exposure	3	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

Revision Date: 03/17/2023



## **12. Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

### **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
p-Chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene - (98-56-6)	11.50, Lepomis macrochirus	3.68, Daphnia magna	Not Available
Acetone - (67-64-1)	100.00, Pimephales promelas	10.00, Daphnia magna	20.565 (72 hr), Ulva pertusa
2-butoxyethanol - (111-76-2)	1,464.00, Oncorhynchus mykiss	2,650.00, Daphnia magna	911.00 (72 hr), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Xylene - (1330-20-7)	3.30, Oncorhynchus mykiss	8.50, Palaemonetes pugio	100.00 (72 hr), Chlorococcales

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

### **13. Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

### 14. Transport information

Revision Date: 03/17/2023



	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA			
14.1. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263			
14.2. UN proper shipping name	UN1263, Paint related material, 3, III	Paint related material	Paint related material			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	DOT Hazard Class: 3	IMDG: 3 Sub Class: Not Applicable	Air Class: 3			
14.4. Packing group	III	III	III			
14.5. Environmental hazards						
IMDG Marine Pollutant: Yes; (p-Chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene)						
14.6. Special precautions for user						

No further information

### **15. Regulatory information**

**Regulatory Overview** The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented. **Toxic Substance** All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA **Control Act (TSCA)** Inventory. Fire: Yes

**US EPA Tier II Hazards** 

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes

Delayed (Chronic): No

### EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Acetone (5,000.00)

Xylene (100.00)

### **EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### **EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

2-butoxyethanol

**Xylene** 

### Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Revision Date: 03/17/2023



### Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

2-butoxyethanol

Acetone

Xylene

#### Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

2-butoxyethanol

Acetone

Xylene

### 16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

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